- 7 807 1995

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chairman, JFK Assassination Records Review Board

FROM:

104-10330-10026

David Cohen

Deputy Director for Operations

SUBJECT:

Release of JFK Documents

- 1. I understand the JFK AARB is presently considering the release of documents which would identify CIA stations to the public. I am opposed in general to revealing the locations of our stations and would prefer instead to substitute the station name with a regional designation, e.g. European Station vice Brussels. I would be willing, however, to open certain stations during a specific window of time if they are substantively relevant to the assassination investigation and provided that the documents in question are sanitized to conceal the permanent presence of the station (S)
- 2. In all but a handful of instances, public acknowledgment of a station would be a political embarrassment to the host government and would threaten ongoing sensitive operations and liaison relationships. In a few instances, the damage probably would be minimal or not at all as long as the presence appears to be temporary. I have surveyed the involved components and determined the damage to national security which would follow such release. (S)

3. I strongly urge that you not allow the information		
regarding the Congo and to be released. The Congo	is	now
Zaire and the station in the 60's would have been in		
Leopoldville, now Kinshasa		

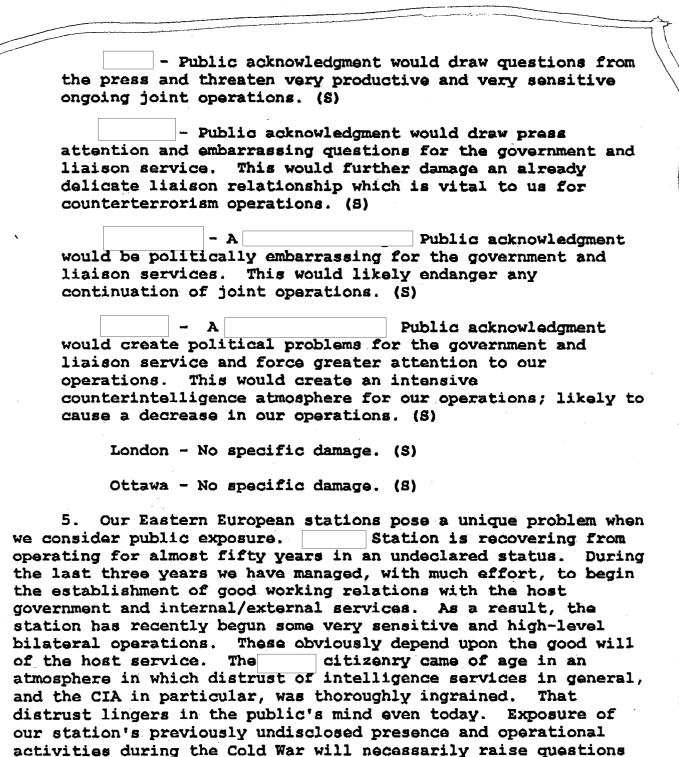
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(8)	
4. Within the context of our European presence, I have the following comments:	
- Public acknowledgment would force the government and liaison service to pay closer attention to Station operations and therefore present a threat to ongoing sensitive operations. (S)	1
- A neutral country. Public acknowledgment of a CIA station would embarrass the government and liaison thereby inhibiting the close and productive liaison relationships we now enjoy as well as presenting a threat to ongoing sensitive operations. (S)	
Paris - No additional damage. (8)	
Bonn - No specific damage. (S)	
Berlin - No specific damage. (8)	
- Public acknowledgment would embarrass the government and inhibit liaison cooperation; thus endangering ongoing operations. (S)	
- Public acknowledgment would draw questions from the press and create political problems for the government and liaison. This would endanger the continuation of sensitive joint operations. (S)	3

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about our activities then, and almost certainly lead to further

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inquiry about our present relationship. It is doubtful that our relationship, and certainly our very sensitive operations, could withstand the resulting public debate. The existence of Station, past and present, cannot be surfaced at this time without serious damage to national security. (S)		
6. Public acknowledgment of our stations in Managua, San Jose, Panama City, San Salvador, Santo Domingo, Buenos Aires, Lima, Santiago, and Montevideo would not further damage our operational capabilities in a specific sense. Overall, any release of information about a clandestine service breeds distrust in professionalism (S)		
7. We receive significant national collection systems support from which affects national system collection efforts against Tier IA targets throughout Asia. We would jeopardize this by releasing the presence of our station to the public. is a special case in that there is continuing disagreement regarding our station. We should not complicate the current "Spy Mania" atmosphere in there have been two incidents regarding our presence in during the present year. Any further disclosure would exacerbate the tension and create an untenable operational atmosphere for our station and personnel. (8)		
8. Public acknowledgment of a station in would be a problem for the U.S. Government. U.S. and foreign relations are always delicate; the Government is very sensitive to perceived slights to its national sovereignty, and public acknowledgment of a station would prove embarrassing to the Government which in turn could ask that the station be closed. If the station were closed or significantly downsized, it would affect a large number of important intelligence collection operations. (S)		
9. Public acknowledgment of a station in would be a problem for vis-à-vis its neighbor. and share a border which means the Government must act with some prudence regarding its relations with The Government would almost certainly respond very negatively		

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to a public acknowledgment of a station in engage in harassment/sabotage/terrorist actions show its displeasure. If the Government we capability to collect on Islamic extremism. (S)	ons in to ment should ask that
10. Public acknowledgment of a station is problem for vis-à-vis its Islamic fur population. like so many countries Muslim population, has a growing Islamic fundamentalists are frequently or general and the Agency in particular. Public station in could cause its Islamic fur population to react negatively and demand the closed. If the station were closed, the U.S. lose intelligence on the conflictability and Islamic extremism. (5)	ndamentalist with a majority diamentalist problem, exposed to the U.S. in exact acknowledgment of a andamentalist at our station be discovernment would

11. In those instances where I have indicated damage to operational capability and national security, I would feel compelled to seek a reversal of any decision to make a public acknowledgment. In those cases where I indicate "no specific or additional damage", I am prepared to accept your decision yet I must call your attention to the general damage done to us by any disclosure of operational presence. Our operational capabilities are in direct proportion to the confidence placed in our ability to protect source identities and operational methods. Disclosure to the public of our presence weakens this confidence. (S)

David Cohen